

# **SDA / SDA+ / UCA : overview / update and some recent science results**

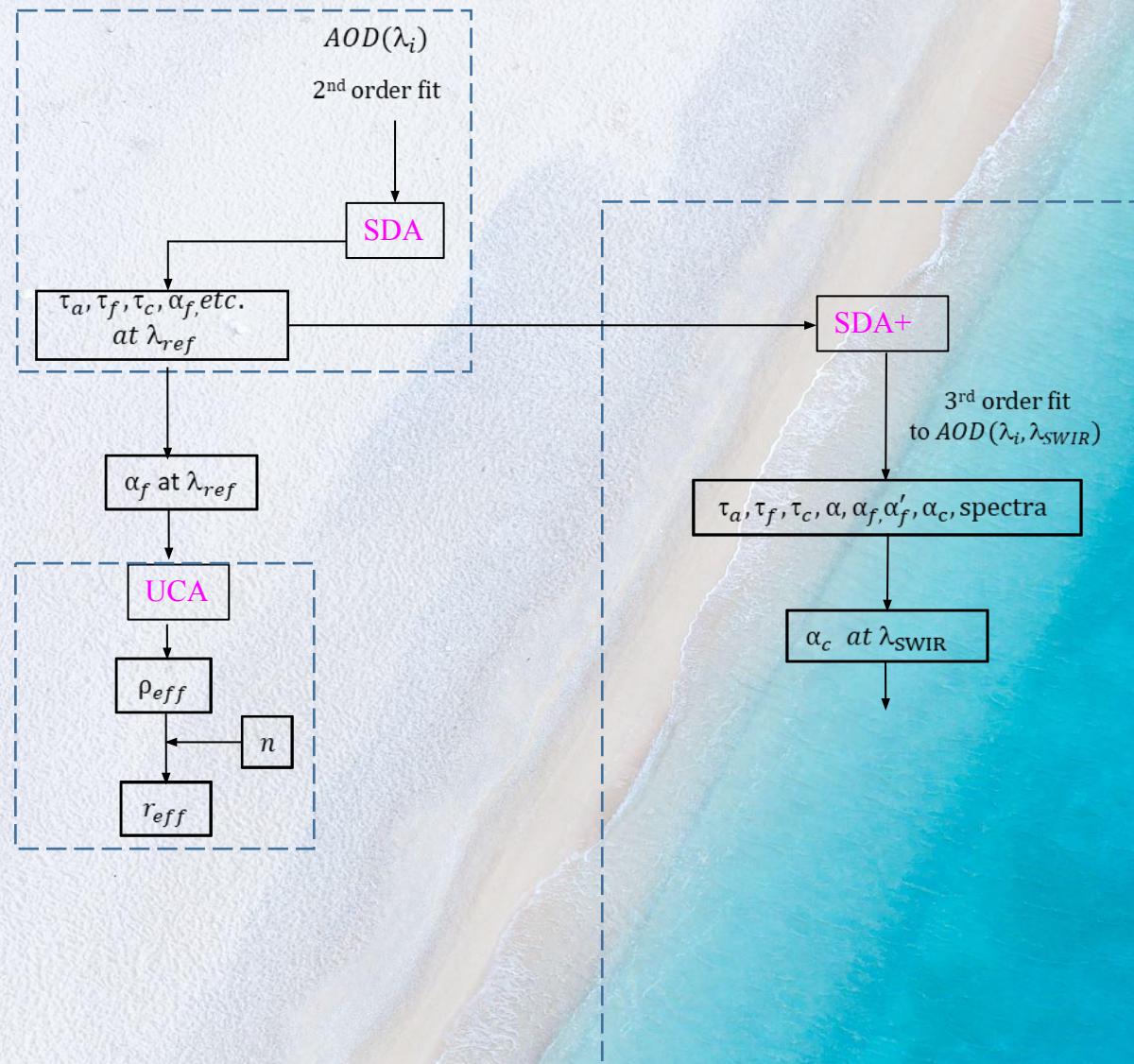
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# SDA, SDA+ and UCA

(SDA = Spectral Deconvolution Algorithm, UCA = Universal Curvature Algorithm)

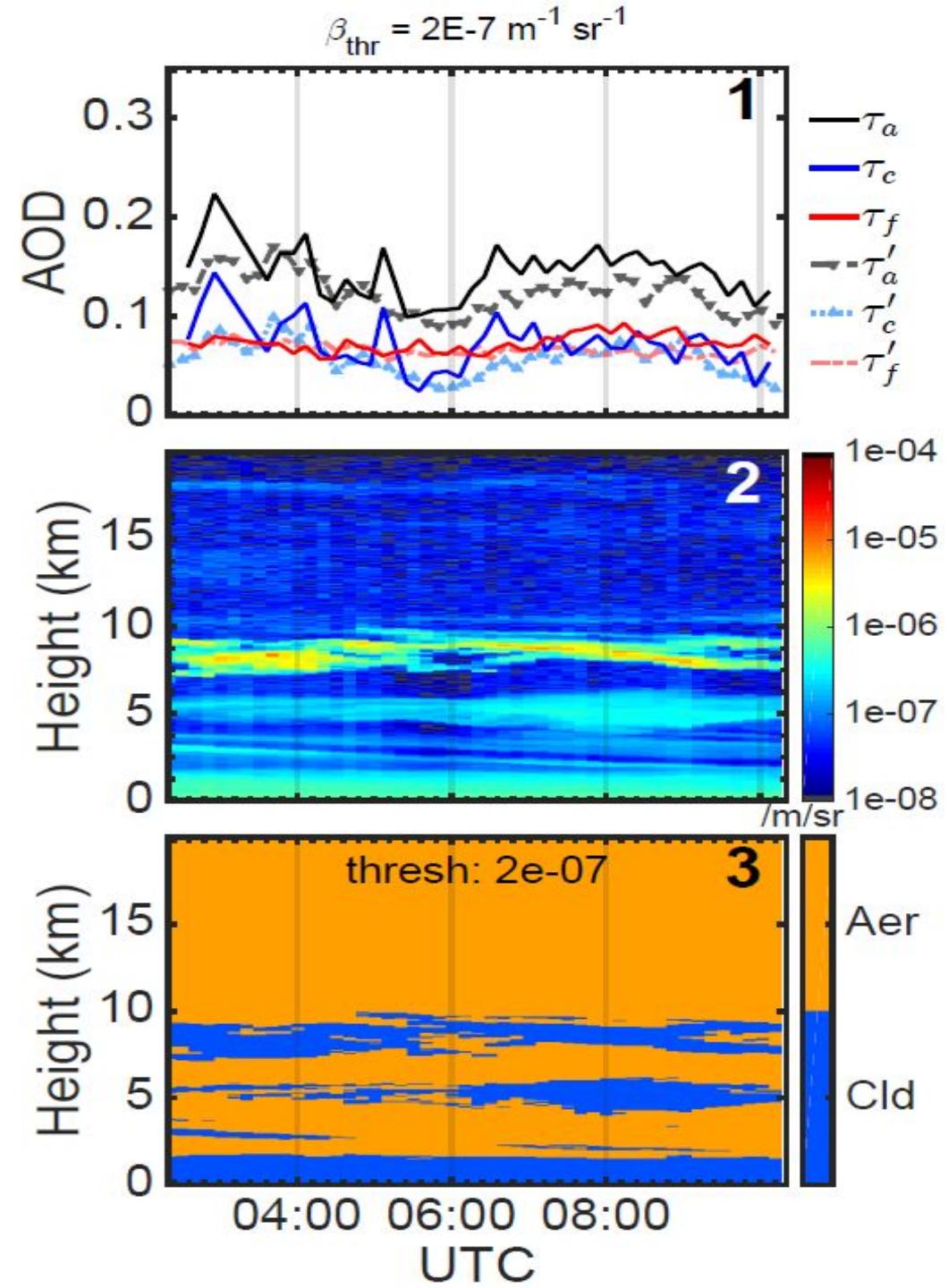


\* SWIR = Short Wave IR (1640 nm channel)

An aerial photograph of a coastal scene. A narrow strip of light-colored sand runs diagonally from the bottom left towards the top right. The ocean to the right is a vibrant turquoise color, while the shallower water near the shore is a lighter, more translucent blue. Small white waves break at the water's edge.

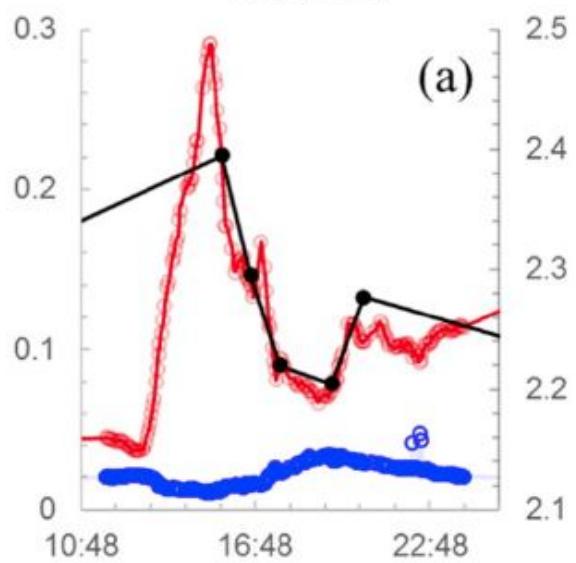
SDA / UCA analyses

# Starphotometer vs lidar (SDA verification / validation)

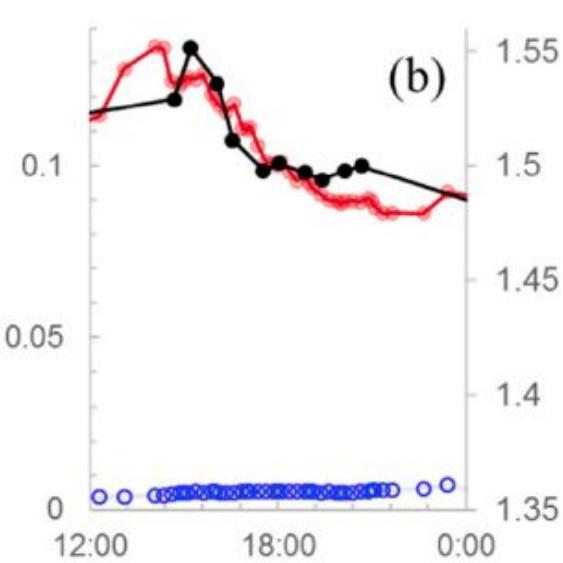


# SDA vs Carbon Monoxide (SDA verification / validation)

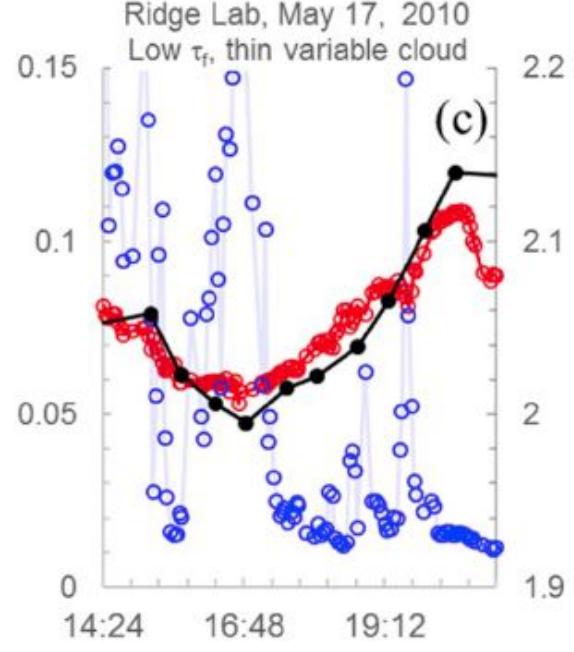
Ridge Lab, Apr. 12, 2008  
Moderate  $\tau_f$



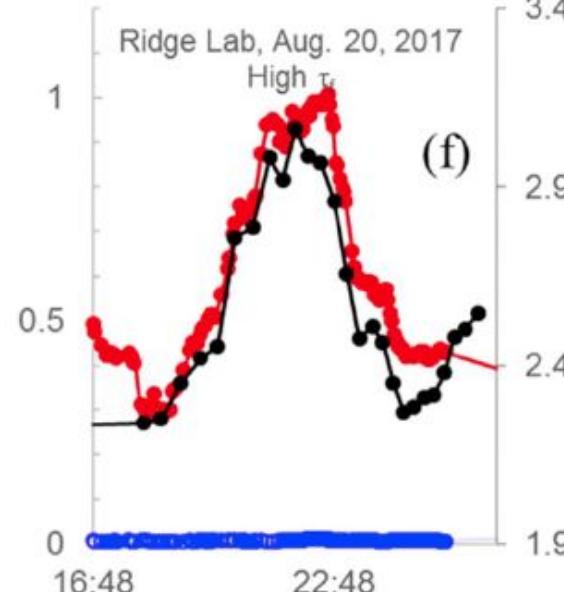
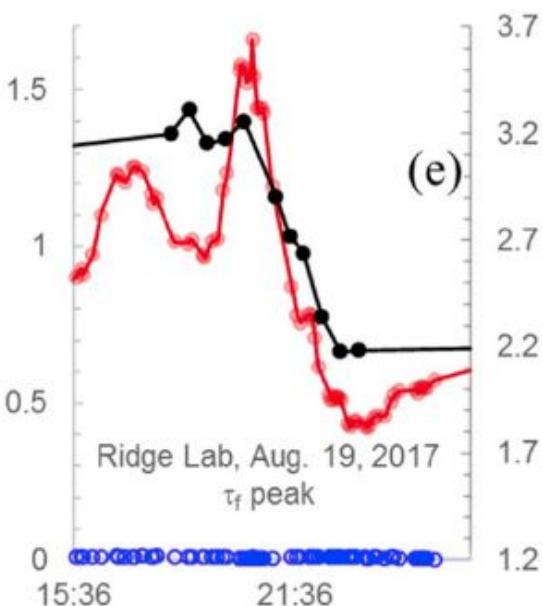
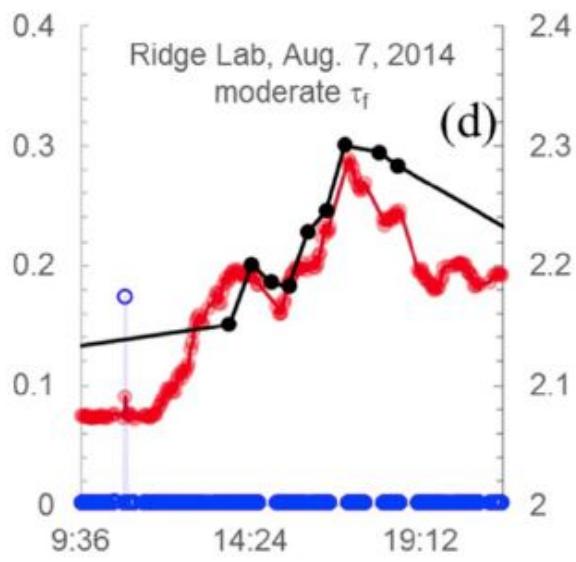
Ridge Lab, July 14, 2009  
Low  $\tau_f$



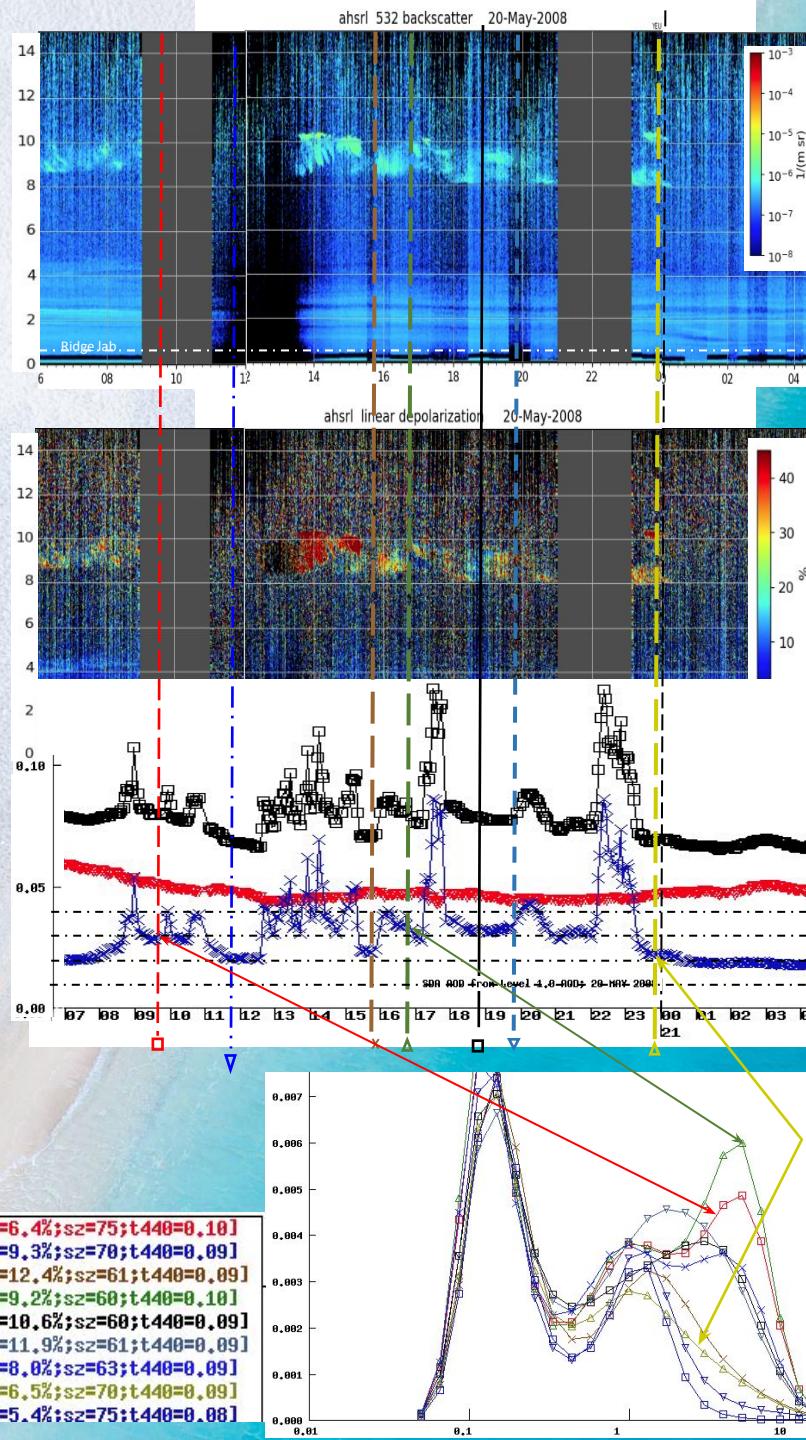
Ridge Lab, May 17, 2010  
Low  $\tau_f$ , thin variable cloud



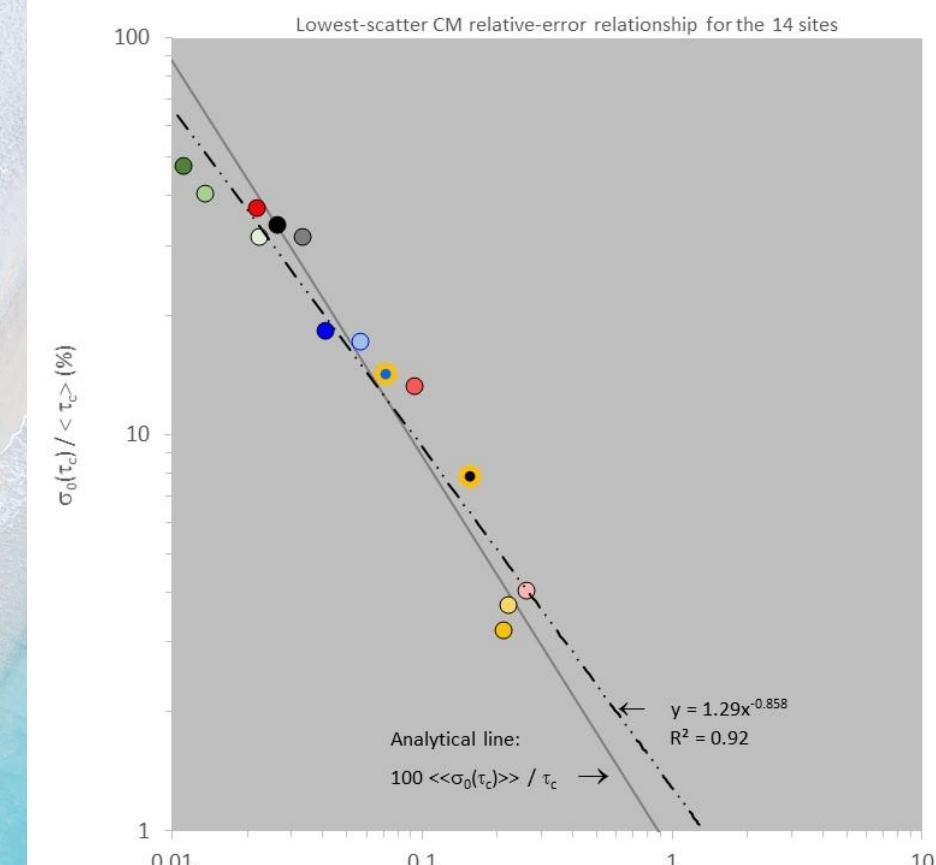
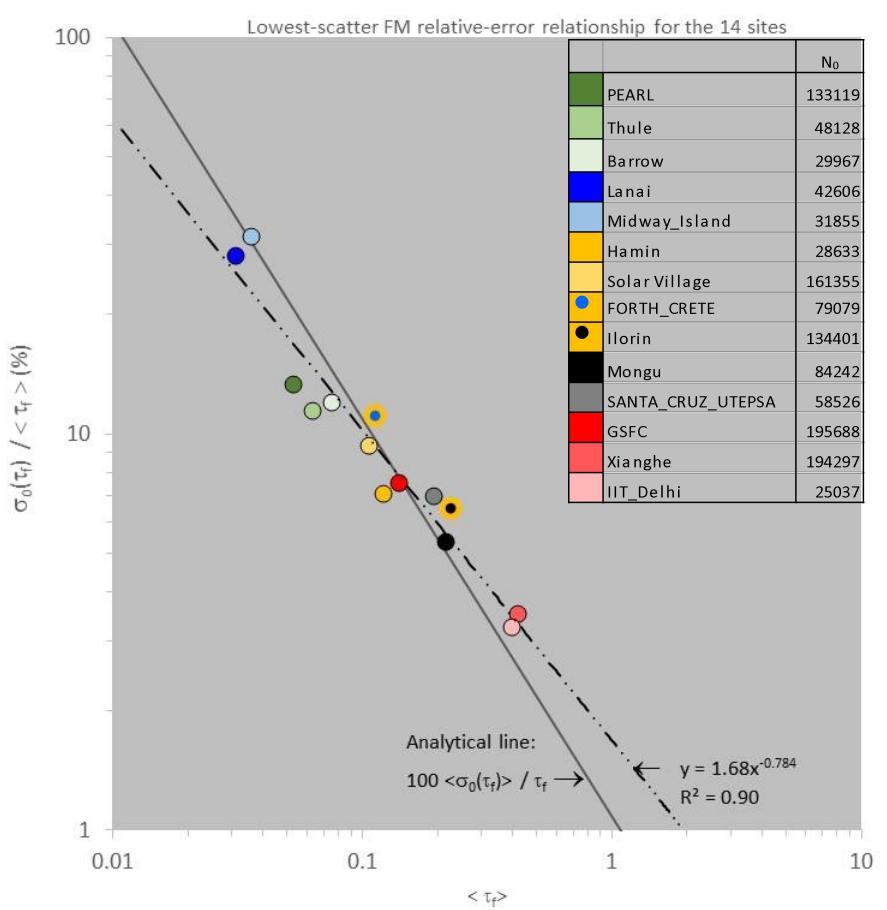
Ridge Lab, Aug. 7, 2014  
moderate  $\tau_f$



# SDA versus AERONET ( $\tau_c$ / $\tau_f$ verification / validation)



# Impact of random errors in AOD (SDA u243 error simulations)



# $r_{\text{eff},f}$ vs $\mathbf{r}_{\text{eff},f}$ (SDA/UC vs AERONET inversion )

A word about the Van de Hulst parameter:

$$\rho_{\text{eff},f} = 2 \frac{2\pi r_{\text{eff},f}}{\lambda} |(n - ik) - 1|$$

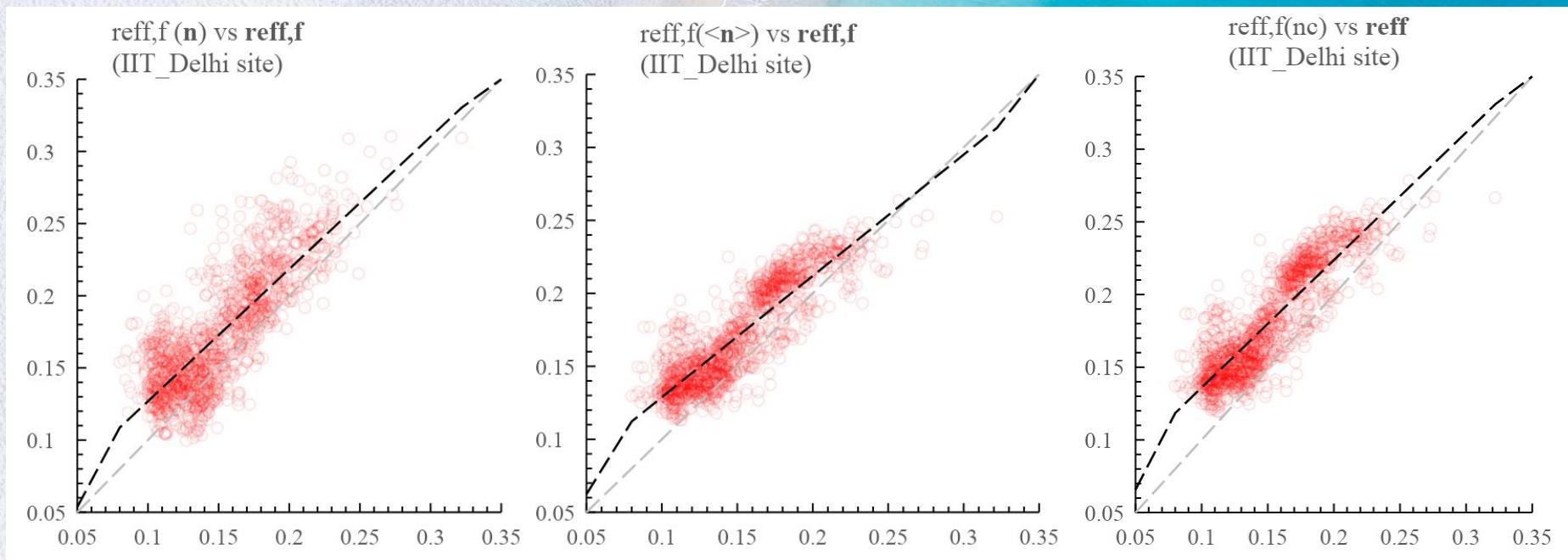
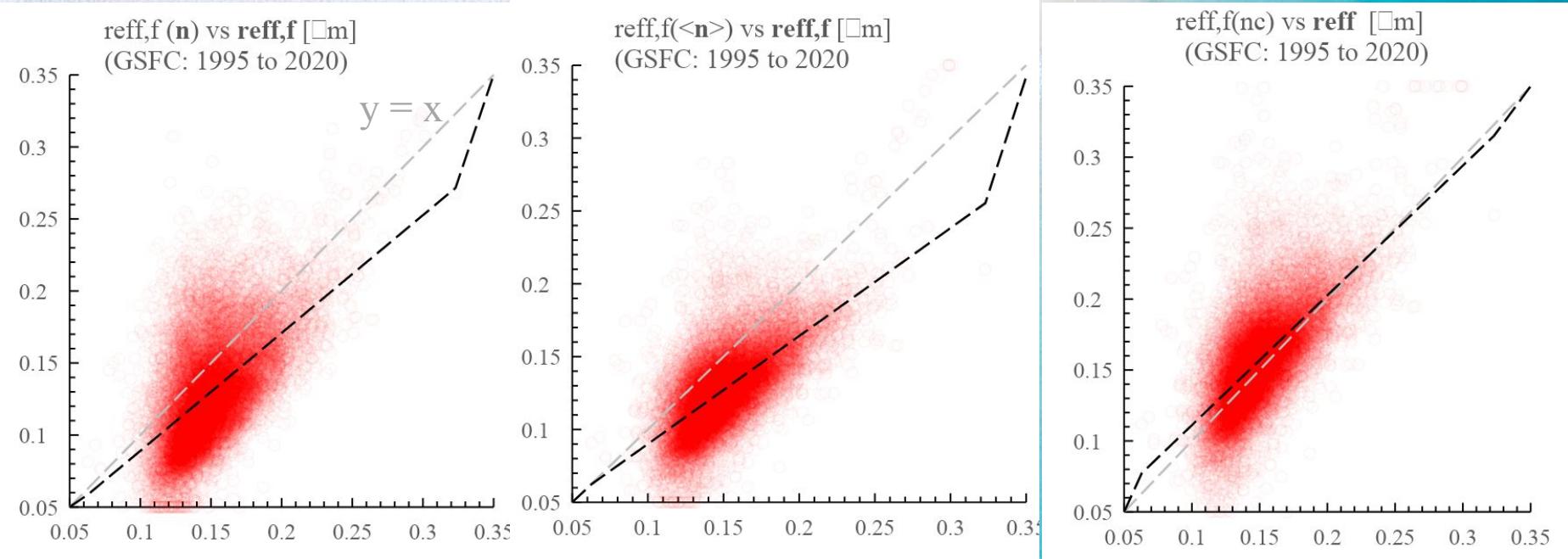
$$|(n - ik) - 1| \approx n - 1$$

$$r_{\text{eff},f} = \frac{\lambda}{4\pi} \frac{\rho_{\text{eff},f}}{(n - 1)}$$

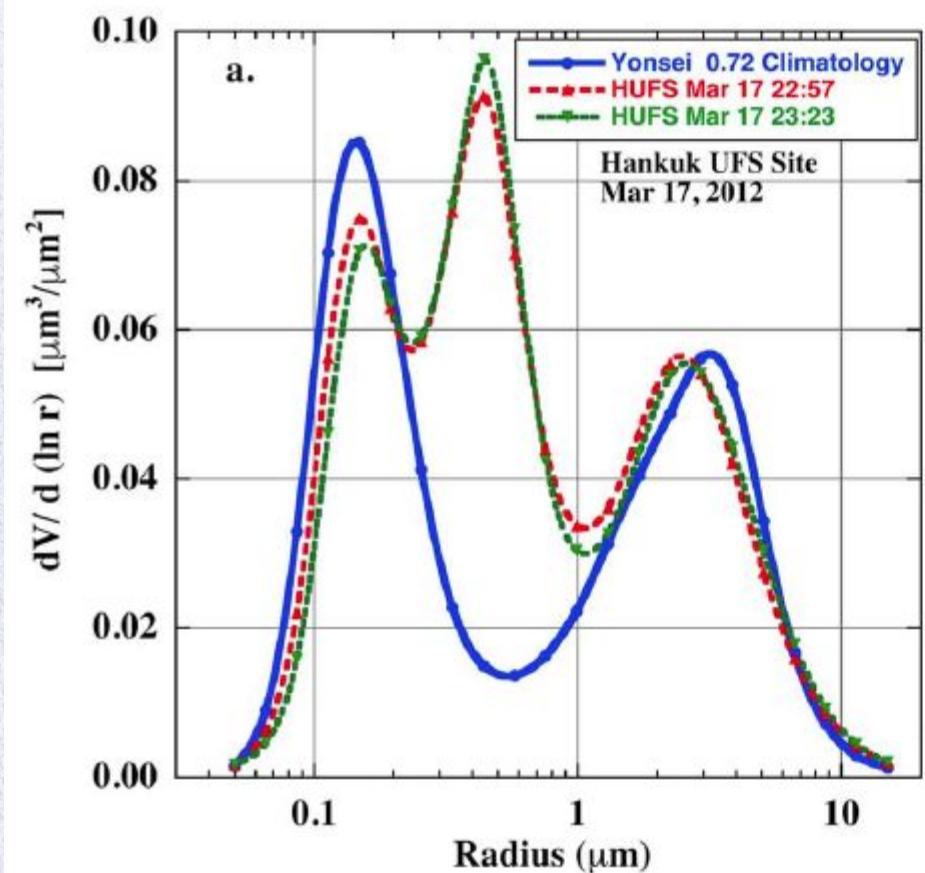
From the SDA/UCA (from  $\alpha_f$  and  $\alpha_f'$ )

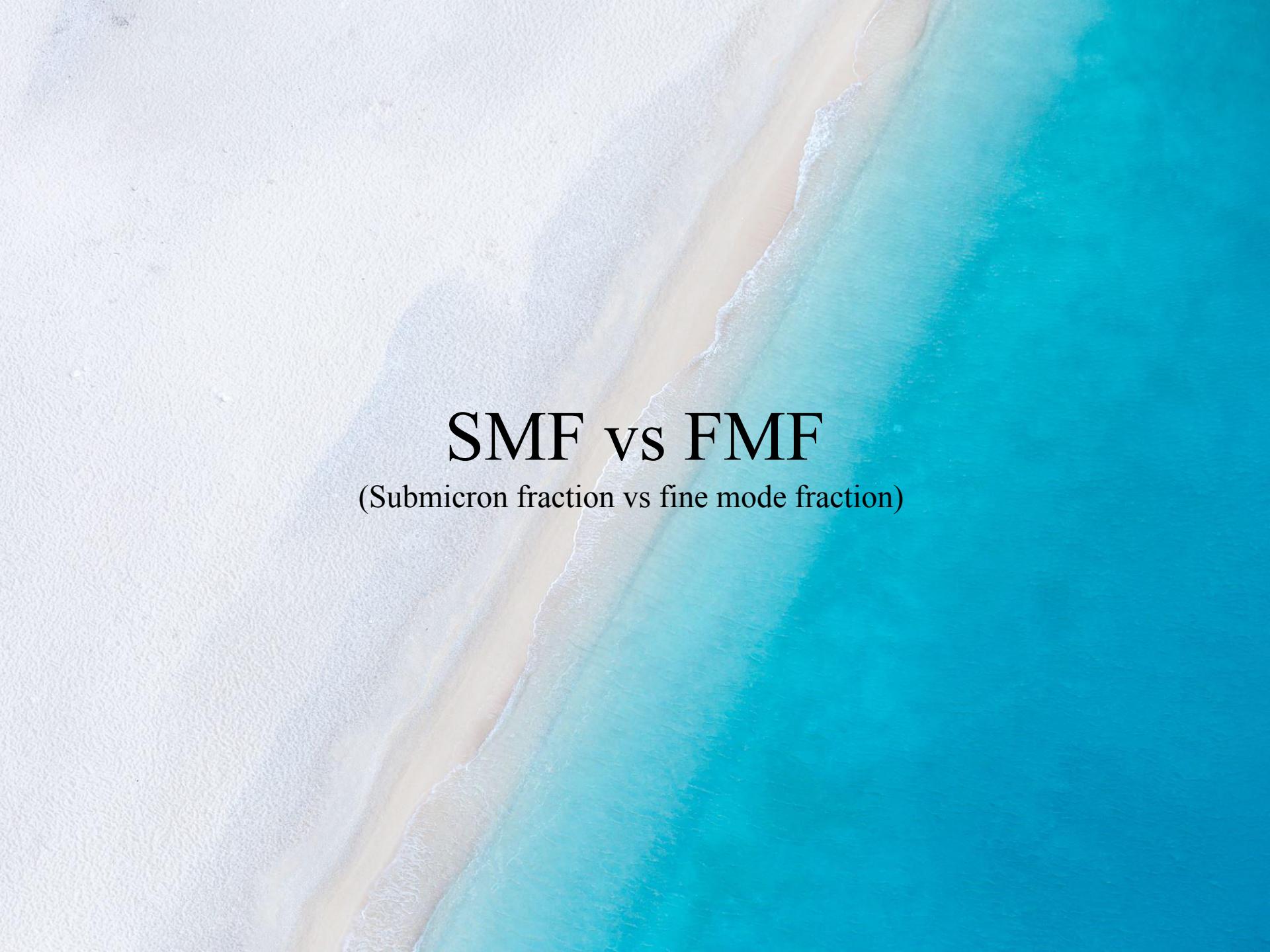
From AERONET inversion or a climatology

# $r_{\text{eff},f}$ vs $r_{\text{eff},f}$ (SDA/UCA vs AERONET inversion validate / verification)



# Need for rapid $r_{\text{eff,f}}$ measurements? (SDA/UCA application)

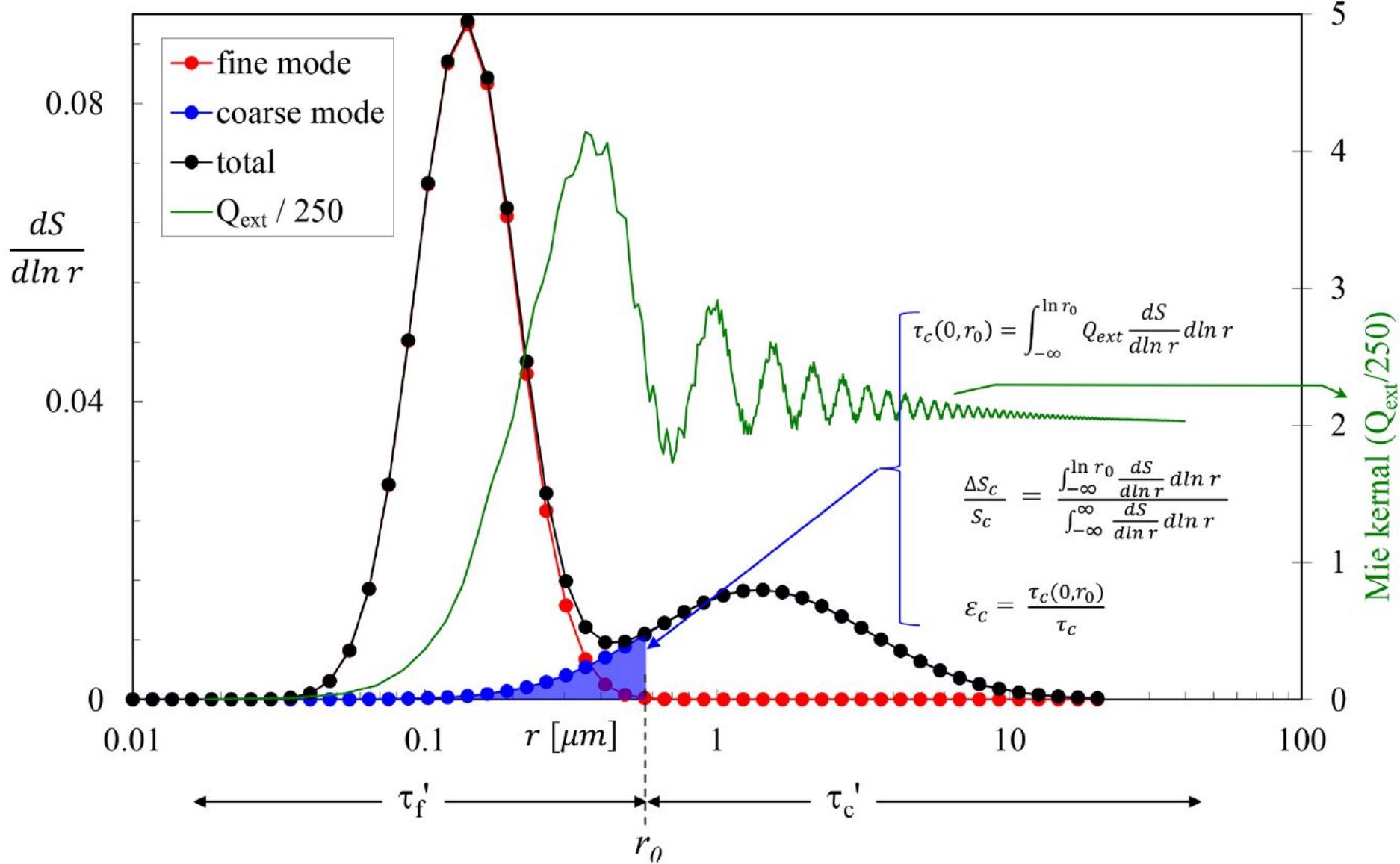


The background image is a high-angle aerial photograph of a coastal scene. A narrow strip of light-colored sand runs diagonally from the bottom left towards the top right. The ocean to the right is a vibrant turquoise color, while the shallower water near the shore is a lighter, more translucent blue. Small white waves break at the water's edge.

# SMF vs FMF

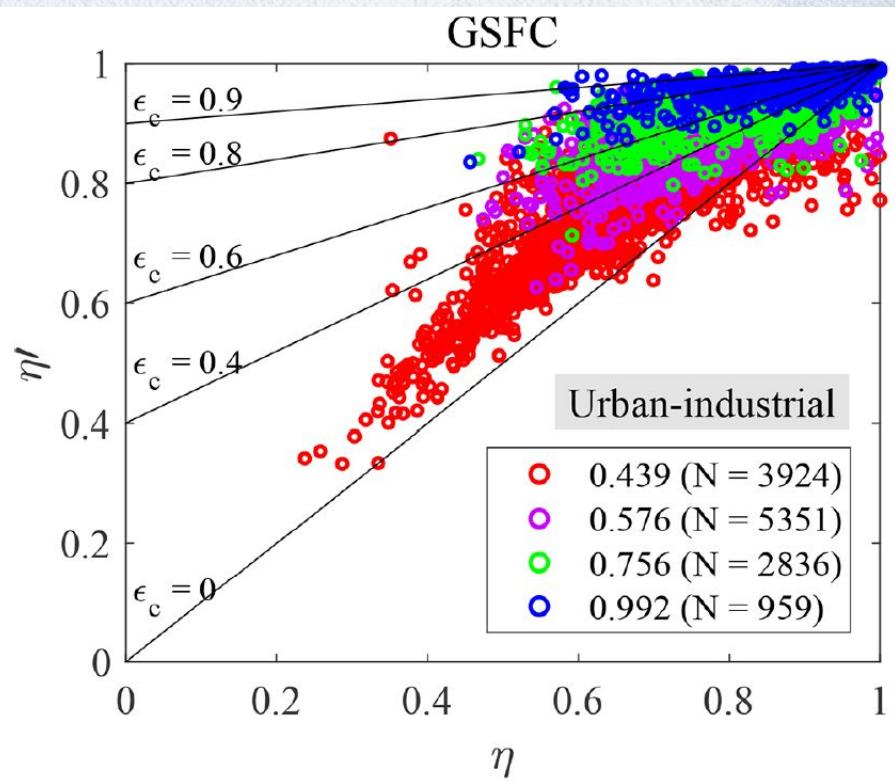
(Submicron fraction vs fine mode fraction)

# Sub-micron fraction (SMF) vs fine mode fraction (FMF) (SDA versus AERONET-inversion analysis)

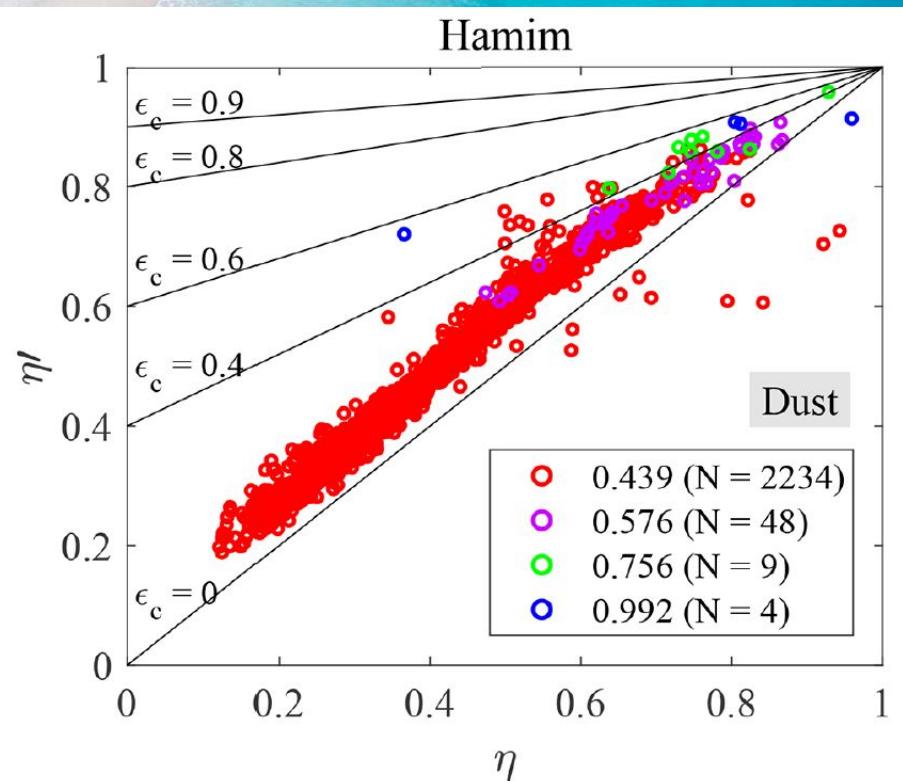


# Sub-micron fraction (SMF) vs fine mode fraction (FMF) (SDA versus AERONET inversion analysis)

Fine mode dominated



Coarse mode dominated

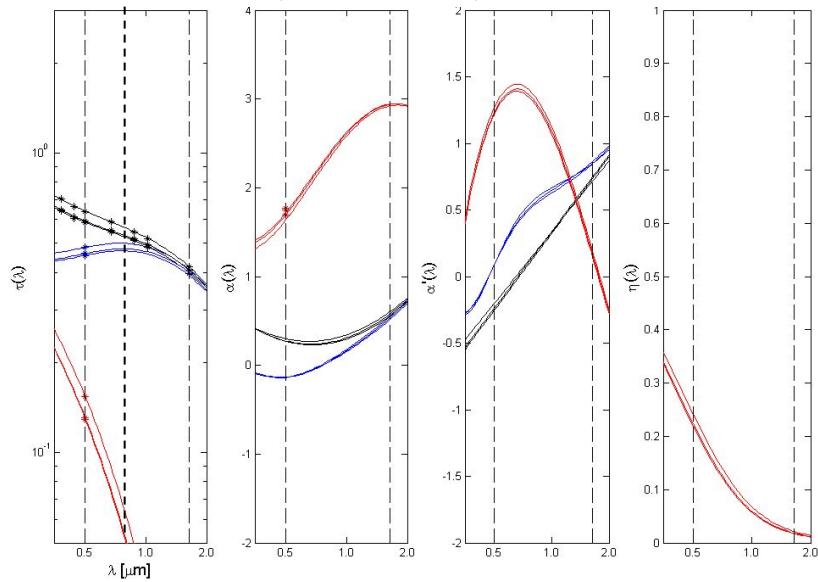


An aerial photograph of a coastal scene. A narrow strip of light-colored sand runs diagonally from the bottom left towards the top right. The ocean to the right is a vibrant turquoise color, with white-capped waves crashing onto the shore. The sky above is a pale, hazy blue.

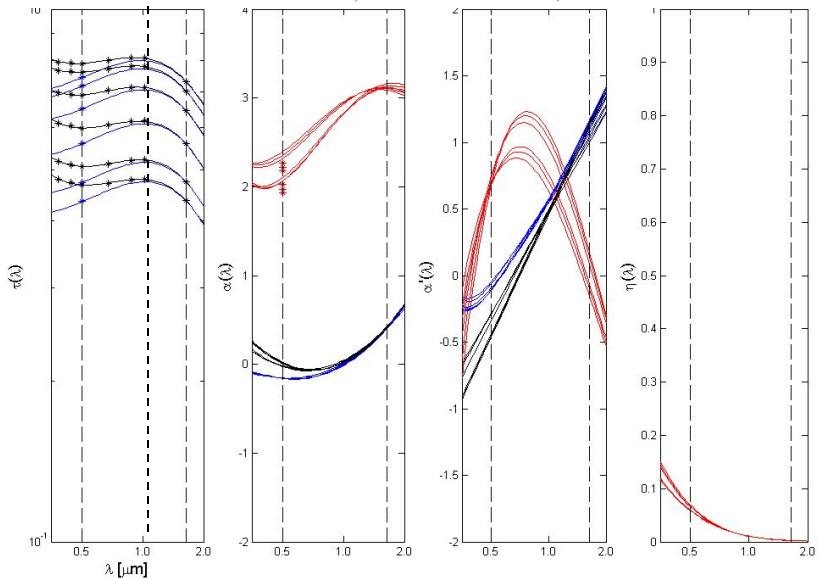
SDA+ / UCA analyses

# 1640 nm channel brings in potential wealth of information (application of SDA+/UCA)

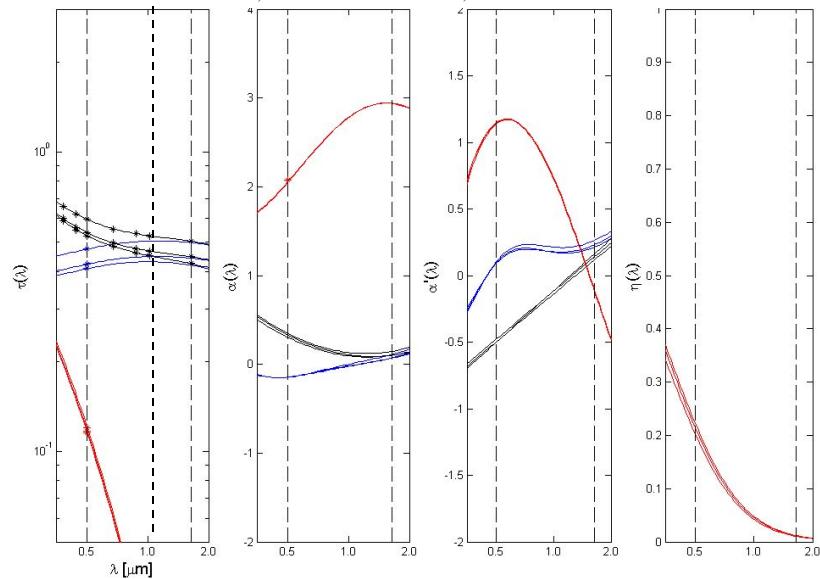
SMART, 238.2 to 239 ( $r_{\text{eff},c}(\text{SDA+}) = 0.8 \mu\text{m}$ ,  $r_{\text{eff},c}(\text{AERONET}) = 1.66 \mu\text{m}$ )



Dhabi, 348 to 349 (Dec. 14, 2003 ,  $r_{\text{eff},c}(\text{SDA+}) = 1.3 \mu\text{m}$ ,  $r_{\text{eff},c}(\text{AERONET}) = 1.6 \mu\text{m}$ )



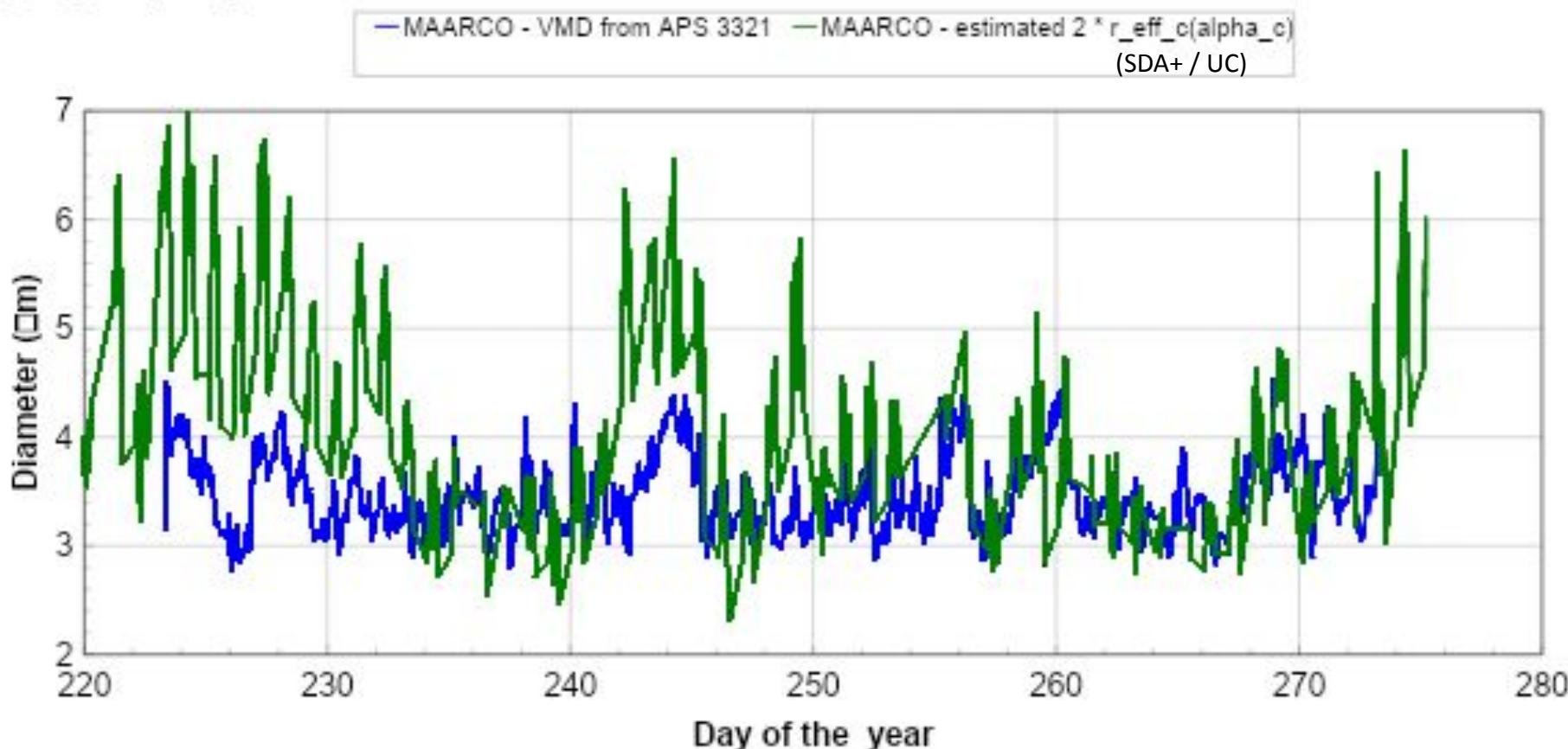
SMART, 224 to 225 ( $r_{\text{eff},c}(\text{SDA+}) = 2.05 \mu\text{m}$ ,  $r_{\text{eff},c}(\text{AERONET}) = 2.4 \mu\text{m}$ )



# Correlation between effective radius of SDA+/UCA APS surface measurements (verification / validation of SDA+/UCA)

- High frequency extraction of  $\tau_c$  at 1640 nm (or any other desired wavelength) and  $r_{\text{eff},c}$

(a) high frequency data



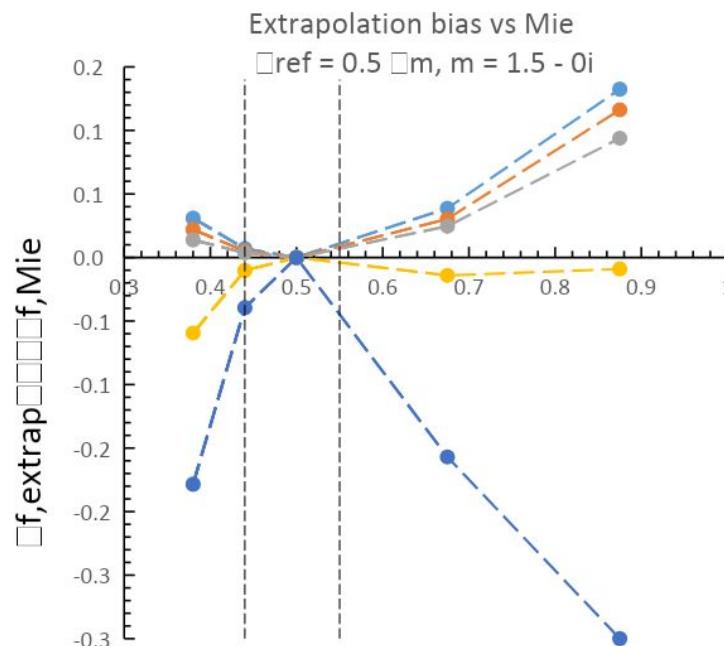
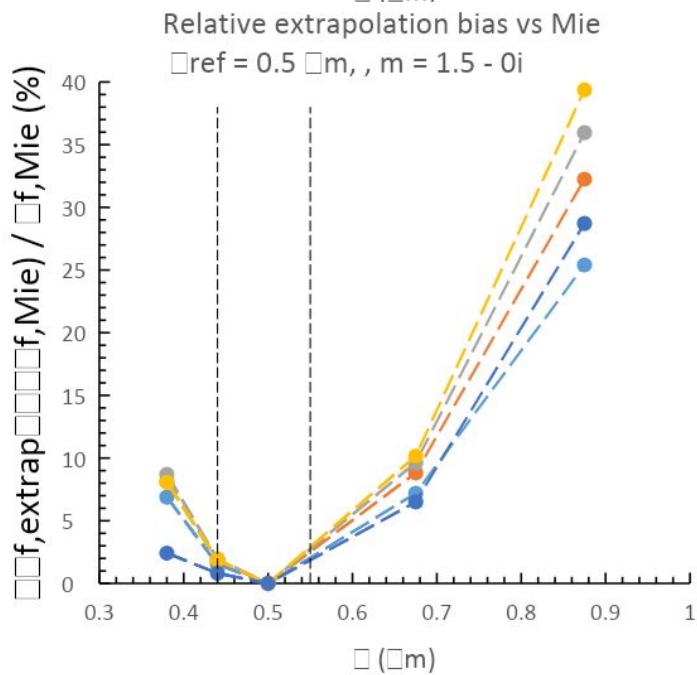
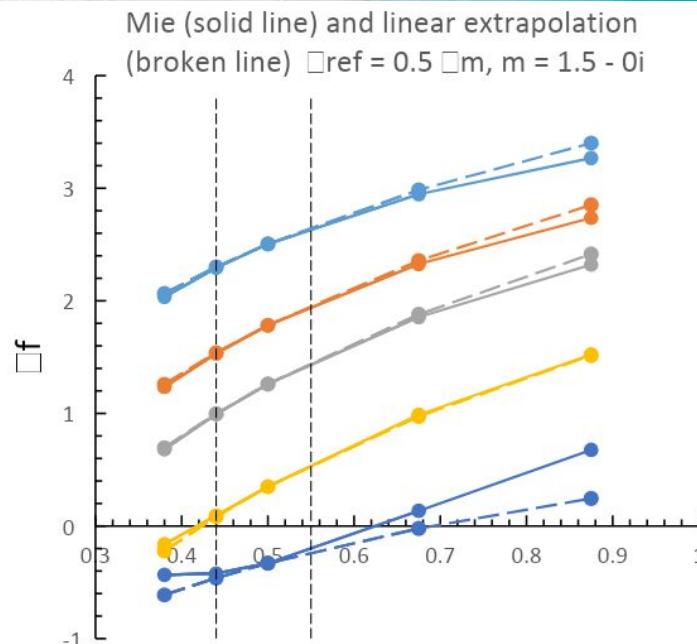
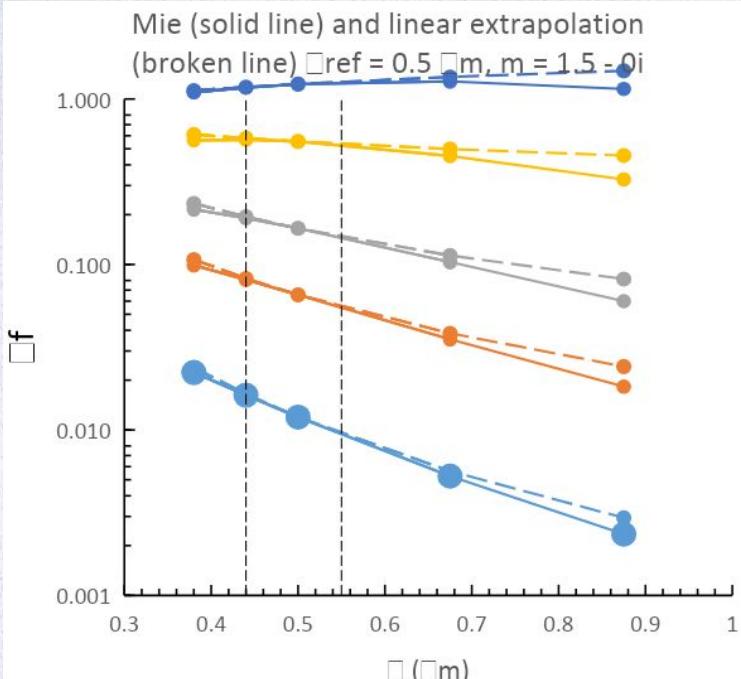
Thanks



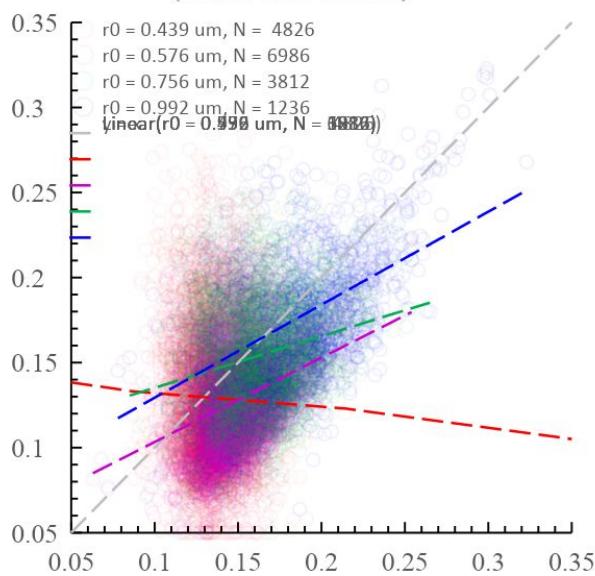
2009/08/20

An aerial photograph of a tropical beach. The left side of the image shows a wide expanse of white sand, while the right side features clear, turquoise-blue water. The ocean waves are visible as they break onto the shore, creating a textured pattern of white foam against the blue water.

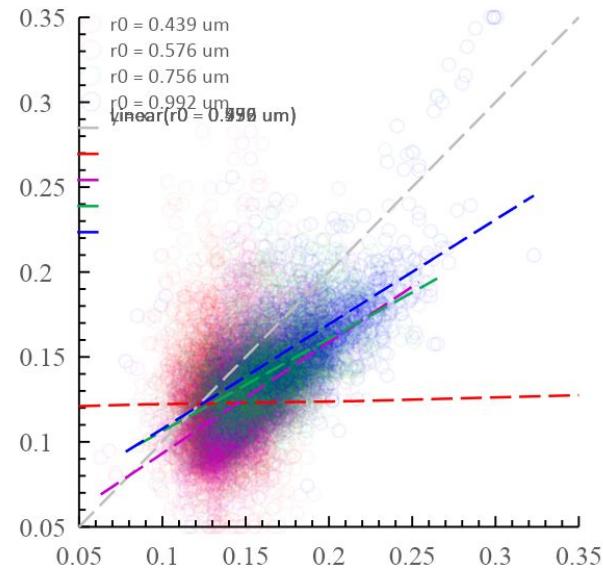
Extra slides



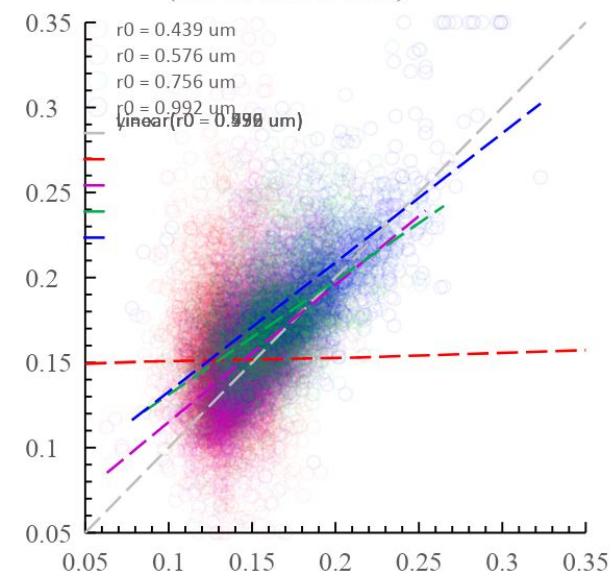
$\text{reff,f (n)}$  vs  $\text{reff,f } [\mu\text{m}]$   
(GSFC: 1995 to 2020)



$\text{reff,f } <\!\! n \!\!>$  vs  $\text{reff,f } [\mu\text{m}]$   
(GSFC: 1995 to 2020)



$\text{reff,f (nc)}$  vs  $\text{reff,f } [\mu\text{m}]$   
(GSFC: 1995 to 2020)



# Fine mode retrievals vs particle volume concentration (SDA / UCA analysis)

